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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AFRICA.

Report from Cape Colony—Plague—Examination for plague-infected rodents.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, September 19, 1904.

The following report by the medical officer of health for the colony on the state of the outbreak of bubonic plague in the Cape Colony for the week ended September 17, 1904, is published for general information.

NOEL JANISCH,
Under Colonial Secretary.

Port Elizabeth.—Three cases of plague were discovered during the week, namely, 2 European males and 1 colored male on the 15th instant. At the plague hospital 1 native male was discharged; six cases remain under treatment. One hundred and twenty-eight rats (7 found dead) and 183 mice (14 found dead) were bacteriologically examined during the week, of which 4 rats and 11 mice proved to be plague-infected.

East London.—Plague-infected rodents continued to be found in the town during the week.

CAPE TOWN.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—Two hundred and seventy-one rodents were examined; no plague infection was discovered.

Cape Town municipal area.—Four hundred and eighty-eight rodents were examined by the medical officer of health for the city; no plague infection was discovered.

Other districts.—No plague infection in man or animals was discovered.

J. A. MITCHELL,
Acting Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

ARABIA.

Report from Maskat—No cholera present—Clean bills of health issued.

Vice-Consul Mackirdy reports, September 20, that there were no cases of cholera in Maskat within two weeks prior to September 20, and that clean bills of health are now being issued by the medical officer there.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Report from Fiume—Inspection of emigrants.

Acting Consular Agent La Guardia reports, October 6, 1904, as follows:

Steamship *Slavonia* sailed October 6, for New York; steerage passengers examined and passed, 1,923; rejected, 12; pieces of baggage